









OP Vzdělávání pro konkurenceschopnost

Téma:Stonehenge, Avebury

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TENTO PROJEKT JE SPOLUFINANCOVÁN EVROPSKÝM SOCIÁLNÍM FONDEM A STÁTNÍM ROZPOČTEM ČESKÉ REPUBLIKY.

Stonehenge

- Stonehenge is situated on Salisbury Plain near Amesbury in England.
- You can walk around the stone circle formed by a bank and ditch arrangement called a henge.
- There are just ruins in the centre of the circle today.
- Stonehenge was constructed about 5000 years ago.





- When it was built there
 were huge stones called
 sarsens that came from
 the Marlborough Downs
 about 30km away. Some
 of them had the top lintels.
- Smaller stones were bluestones from Wales about 400km away.
- The outer ring was made of 30 sarsens, inside this stood another circle of 60 bluestones.





- Inside that was a horseshoe of 5
 enormous sarsens and inside this
 was another horseshoe of 19
 bluestones.
- The Altar Stone stood in the centre.
- The Slaughter Stone marked the entrance.
- It may have been a temple human sacrifices.
- It may have served for the Sun worship and observing the stars.
- On Midsummer's Day, the sun rises
 - above the Heel Stone.





Avebury

- It is the largest stone circle in Britain.
- There are earthworks called dykes with a henge 421m in diameter and 1.35km in circumference.
- A great Outer Circle was made of 98 sarsens.
- There are small stone circles the Northern
 inner ring, the Southern inner
 - inner ring, the Southern inner ring

and long avenues of stones.





Použité zdroje a literatura

- Newbery, E. Prehistory Mystery
- Oxford: Newbery&England, 2000
- ISBN 1841650234



